

Crossing The Quality Chasm: Cardiovascular Care



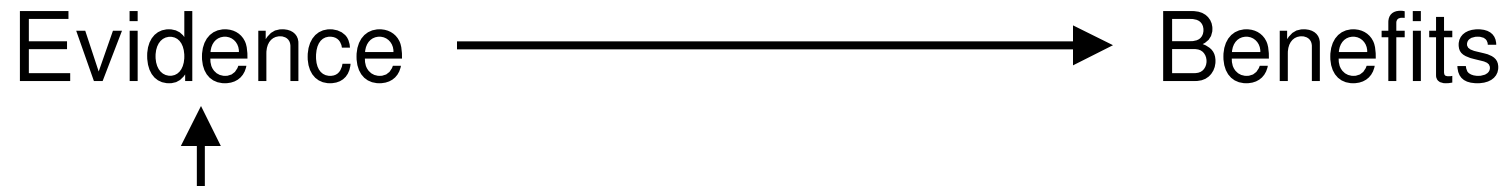
Philip Madvig, MD
Associate Executive Director

Partnership for Quality Care
Chronic Disease Summit
March 19, 2008

The Impact of Cardiovascular Disease

- In 2008 Americans will suffer:
 - 1.2 million heart attacks
 - 800,000 strokes
 - 1.5 million new cases of diabetes
 - 6 million hospitalizations for CVD, 1.3 million angioplasties and 500,000 bypass surgeries
- **An American dies from CVD every 35 seconds.**
- Heart disease and stroke are leading causes of disability among working adults.
- **The cost of heart disease and stroke in the United States is estimated at \$450 billion in 2008. It includes direct medical costs and lost productivity from death and disability.**
- Improved care decreased CVD mortality 25% from 1994 to 2004.

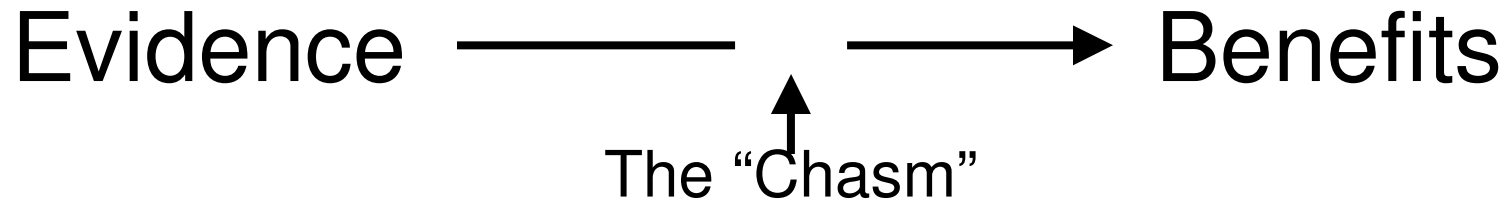
Translating Evidence Into Benefit



Abundant Body of Evidence

- **A 13 point reduction in blood pressure** can lower deaths due to CVD by **25%**.
- **4 generic meds** can reduce CV event risk by **50%**.
- **7 interventions** during the ED/Hospital can reduce mortality.
- **Managing transition** of HF patients from hospital to home can reduce readmissions and prevent catastrophic declines.

Translating Evidence Into Benefit: The Quality Chasm



Quality Chasm

In US only 55% of indicated care is provided

- **Diabetes** patients received **45%** of indicated care.
- **Hyperlipidemia** patients received **49%** of indicated care.
- **CAD** patients received **68%** of indicated care.
- **HTN** patients received **65%** of indicated care.

Source: Rand

How Kaiser Permanente is crossing the chasm

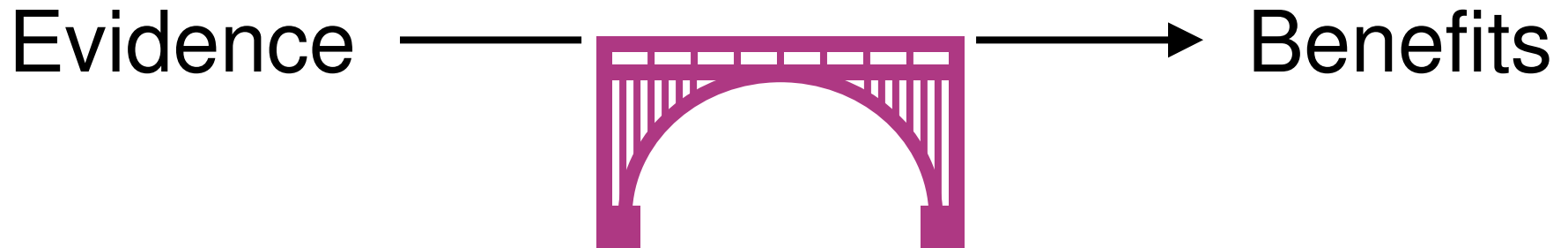


Turning Evidence Into Quality improvement



The Miracle In The Middle

Turning Evidence Into Quality improvement



Success Factors:

- **Integrated delivery system; organized medical group**
- **Process redesign**
- **Advanced information technology**
- **Financial Alignment (Pre-payment)**
- **Patient Engagement**

Our Systematic Approach

**Primary
Prevention**

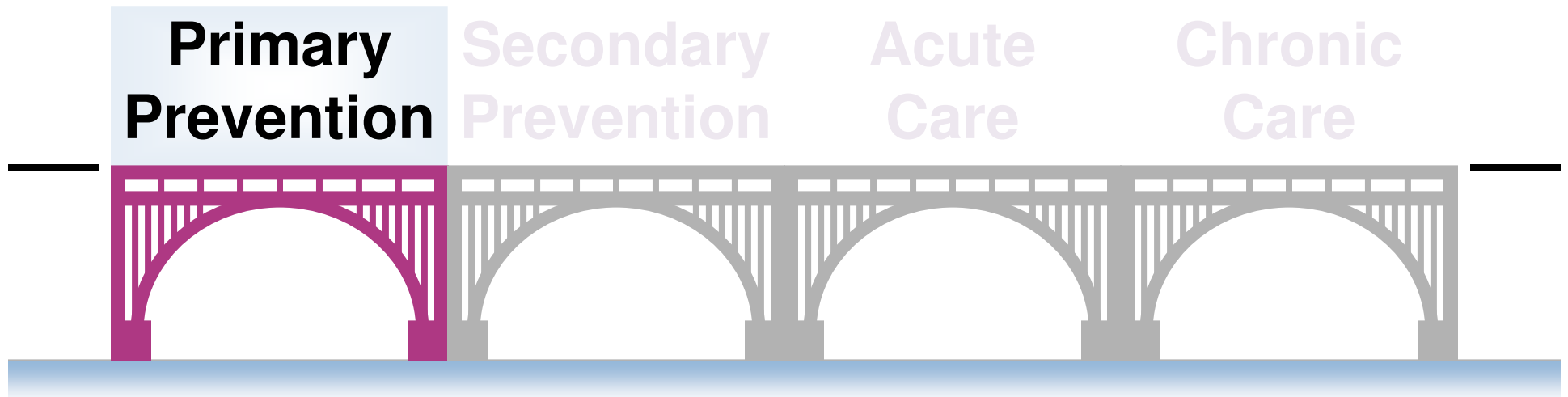
**Secondary
Prevention**

**Acute
Care**

**Chronic
Care**

**...and accountability across the Continuum
of Cardiovascular Disease and
from “cradle to grave”.**

Crossing the Chasm – Primary Prevention



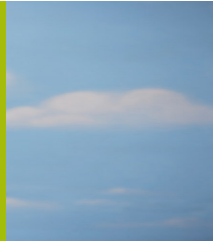
Delivering the Benefits:

- **Modify Lifestyle**
- **Increase HTN control**
- **Smoking Cessation**
- **Decrease LDL Cholesterol levels**



Primary Prevention

Increase Hypertension Control



Where we were:

■ 36%



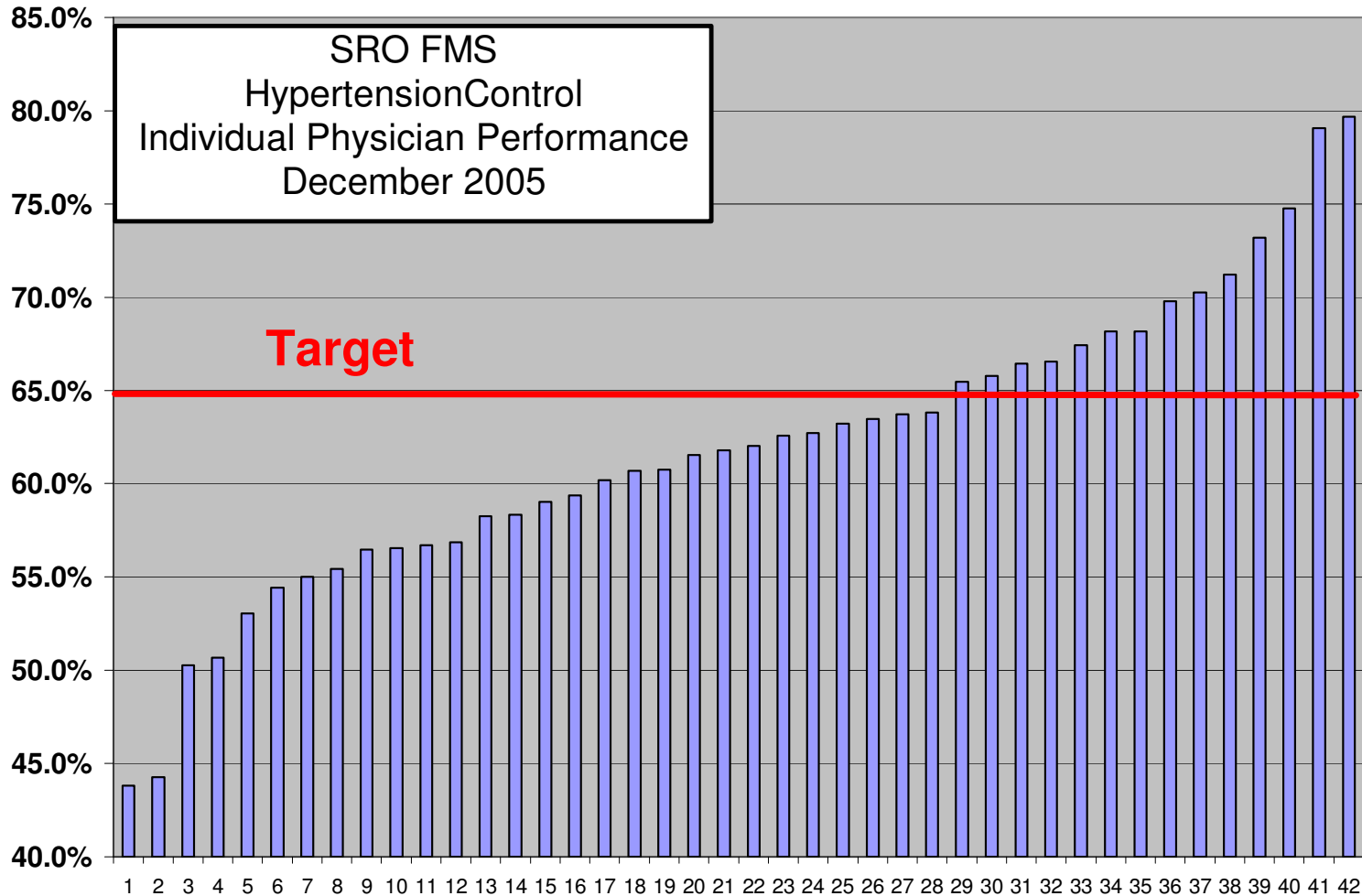
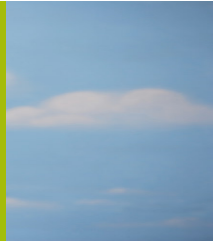
What we did:

- Clinical Champions
 - Mimic Pharmaceutical “detailing”
- “Revealing Reports”
 - Multi-level control rate reports
- “Data that Drives”
 - Tools to pinpoint gaps in blood pressure testing, treatment or documentation
- Process Redesign
 - “Check, Treat, Repeat”
 - Treatment intensification to target
 - Medical Assistant BP Checks



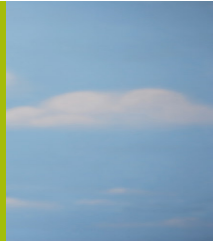
Primary Prevention

Example Provider Level Report





Primary Prevention Increase Hypertension Control

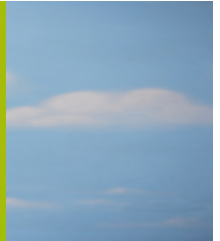


Making the process clearer and easier...

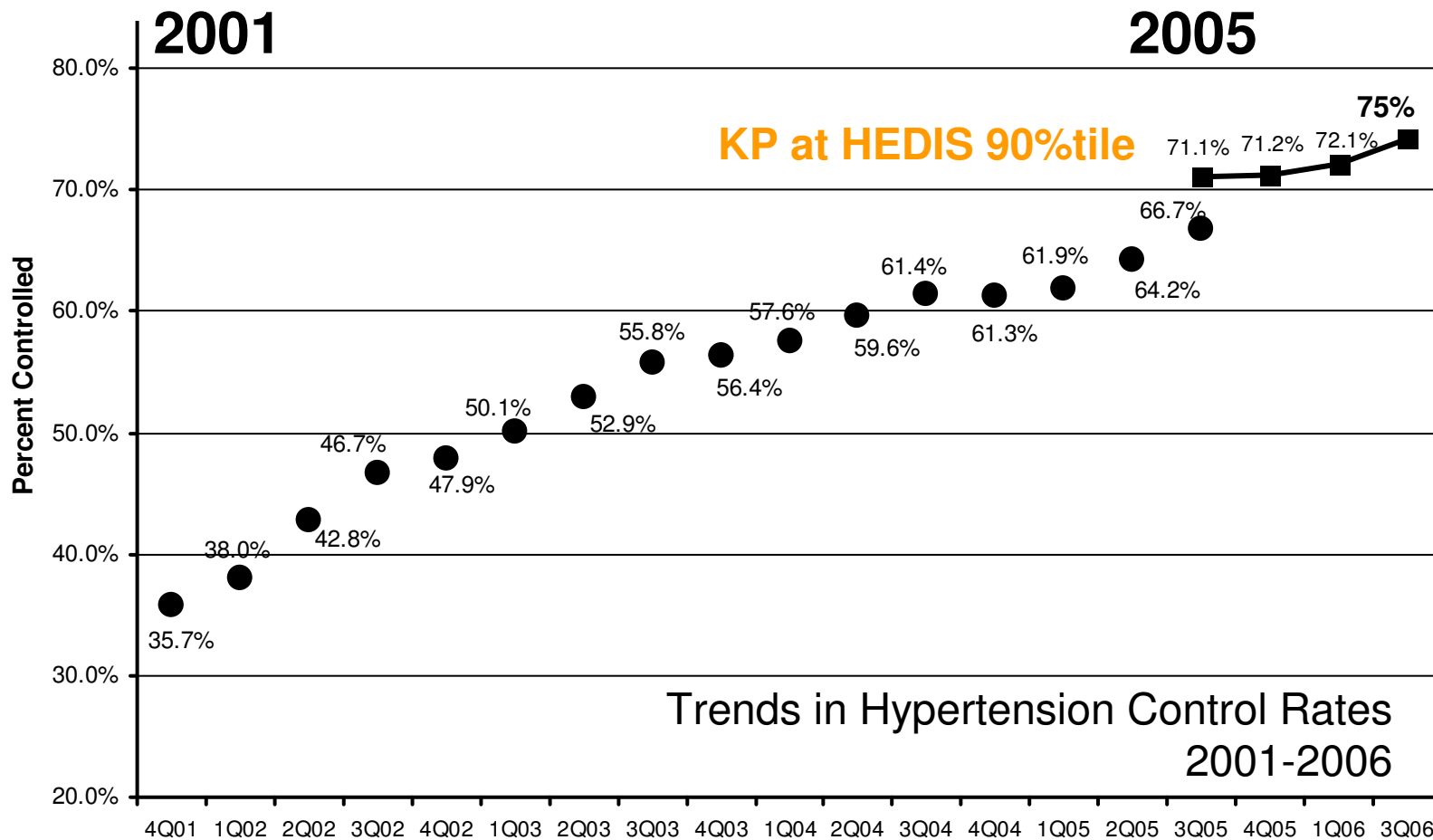
Action	Description	Outcome
Check	Was BP taken and recorded?	Documentation
	Was BP high?	(Determines denominator for measure 3)
Treat	Was treatment intensified ?	Upward titration of dose and/or medication type
Repeat	Was there another BP taken within 4 weeks?	Follow up care
	Was the f/u BP lower than the initial BP?	Better Control of BP
	Was the f/u BP in control?	Controlling BP



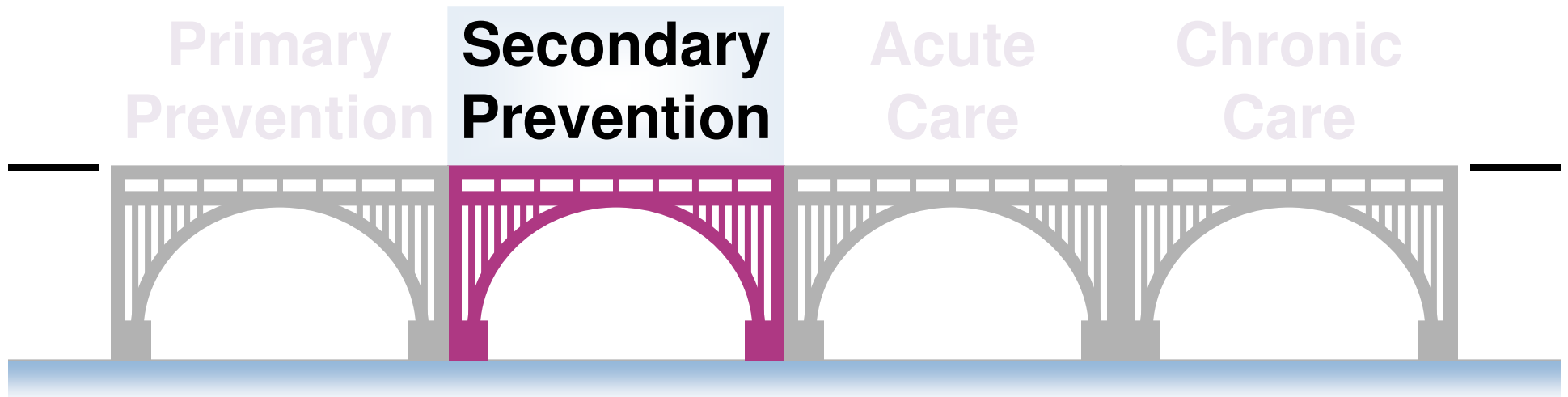
Primary Prevention Increase Hypertension Control



...led to significant gain.



Crossing the Chasm – Secondary Prevention



Delivering the Benefits:

- **Heart protective meds:** Aspirin, Statin, ACE-I, and Beta-blocker
- **Lifestyle changes:** Tobacco Cessation, Physical Activity, Healthy Eating and Weight Management
- **Risk factor control:** Blood Pressure, Cholesterol and Blood Sugar

Prevent Heart Attacks & Strokes Everyday



TAKE WHAT YOU NEED
TO HELP PREVENT A STROKE AND HEART ATTACK

If you have:

- Diabetes
- Heart Disease
- Peripheral Arterial Disease
- Chronic Kidney Disease
- Stroke
- Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm

Taking four medications:

- ACE Inhibitor
- Beta Blocker
- Statin
- Aspirin

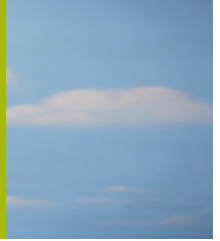
and making healthy lifestyle choices can **reduce your chances of having a stroke and heart attack.**

ASK YOUR HEALTH CARE TEAM
IF THESE MEDICATIONS ARE RIGHT FOR YOU





Secondary Prevention PHASE and Diabetes

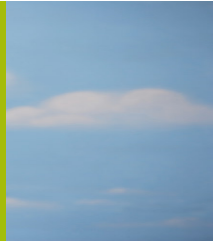


What we did:

- Leadership
 - Local champions and infrastructure
- Revealing Reports / Data that Drives
- Information Systems
 - Preventive Health Prompt
 - Best Practice Alerts in KPHealthConnect for 16 specific subgroups
- Process Redesign
 - Implemented Panel Management in Primary Care
 - Utilized Pharmacists to outreach and initiate PHASE meds in eligible members
- Financial Incentives
 - Operational budget allocations
- Engaged patients
 - Video testimonials on MD Home pages
 - Implemented Insulin Start Classes
 - Member self-titration instructions



Secondary Prevention Diabetes – A1c Control



Preventive Meds

1. Aspirin
2. Statin
3. ACEI
4. BB

CV Goals:

7. Glucose control

Lifestyle Changes

8. Nutrition
9. Exercise
10. Weight loss
11. Smoking Cessation

Medication Safety

12. K and Cr for diuretics annually
13. K and Cr for ACEI annually

Vaccinations

14. Pneumovax
15. Annual flu vaccine

And whatever the patient came in to see you about!

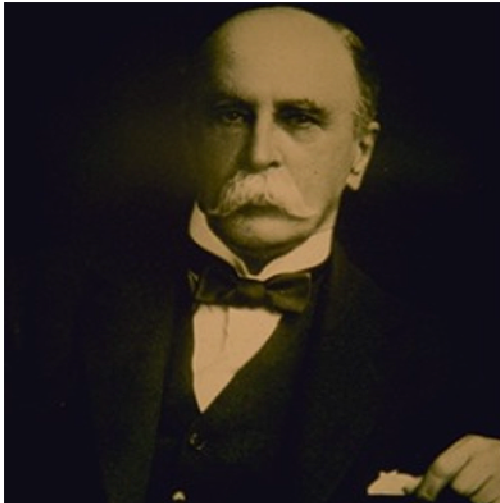
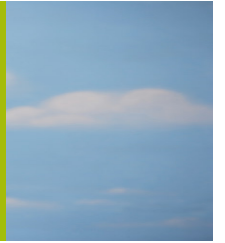
16. Renal
17. Retinal
18. Foot

General Prevention

19. Colorectal cancer
20. Breast cancer
21. Cervical cancer
22. Osteoporosis

What's the Problem?

I'm doing everything as I was trained to do -- I can't work faster!



The Traditional Model Of Care

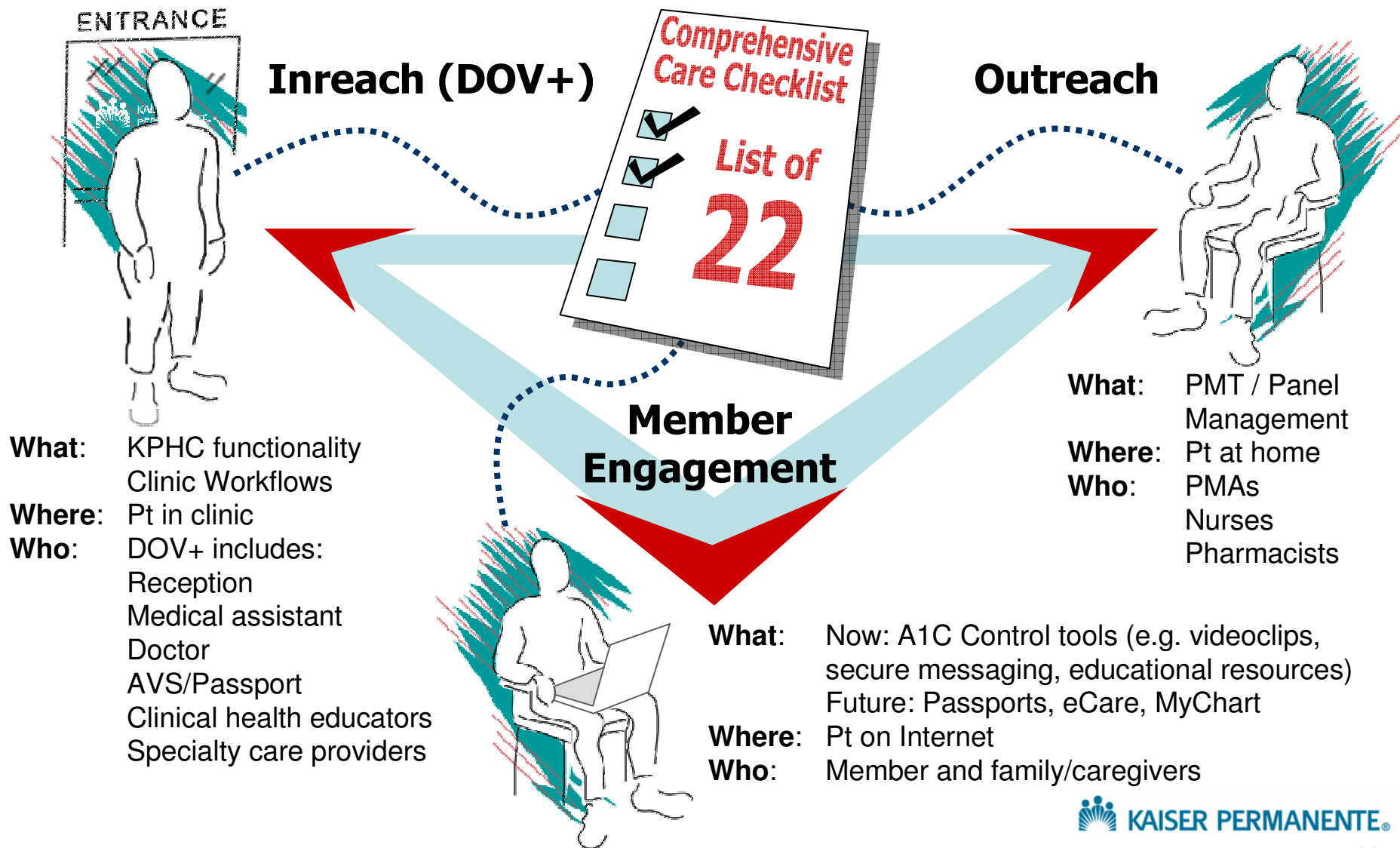
- One patient at a time
- Only know about patients who appear in your office
- No use of IT
- Limited use of “extenders”



New Model Elements

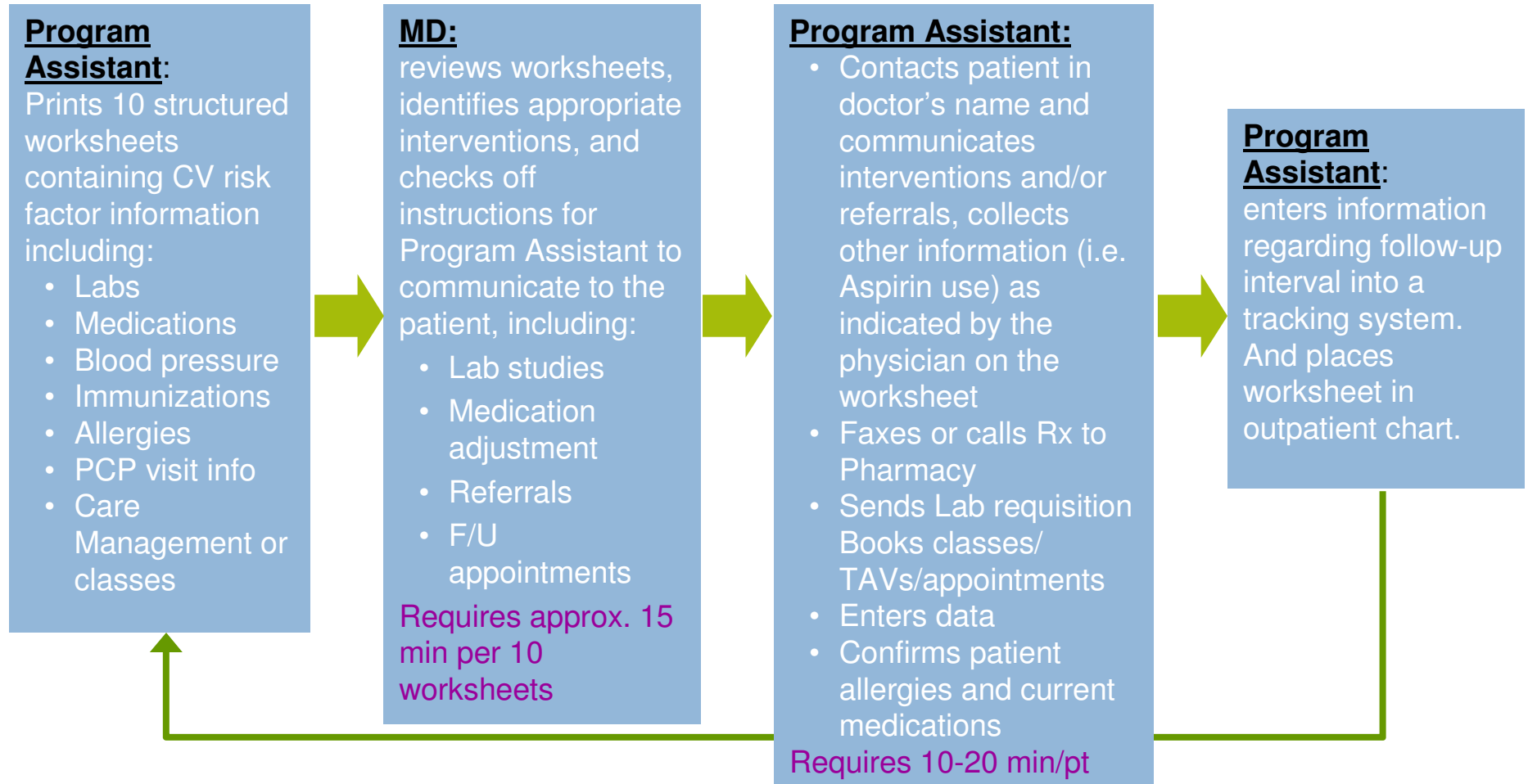
- Accountability for panel/population
- Use of EMR, registries, internet
- Team care (including pt)
- Moving care out of Dr. office

Secondary Prevention Comprehensive Diabetes Care



Secondary Prevention Panel Management Work Flow

Start



Secondary Prevention Panel Management Tool Database

Example: Query #2 (DM patients with LDL missing or > 100 and A1c missing or > 7, and BP not in control)

The screenshot displays the Population Management Tool (PMT) interface. The main window is titled "Population Management Tool" and shows a navigation menu with "Query", "Patient", "Worklist", "Reports", and "Setup". The "Query" tab is active, showing a list of "Favorite Filters" on the left and a configuration panel on the right. The configuration panel includes a "Group" dropdown set to "Demographics", a "Field" dropdown set to "CRCFAC", and an "Operation" dropdown set to "equals". The "Value" field is empty. Below the configuration panel is an "Add" button. The "Favorite Filters" list includes several queries, with "Private: *Query #2 as of 2.26.07-DM,LDL out,A1c >7,BP out" highlighted in green. Below the list are buttons for "Delete", "Copy", and "Rename". At the bottom of the configuration panel, there are buttons for "And", "Or", "Split", "Clear", "Clear All", and "Save". The SQL query being configured is displayed in a text area:

```
POPDIAB = y AND AGE >= 18 AND  
AGE <= 80 AND  
C_NOFUTUREREVIEWS = blank AND  
STATE = ca AND MFITNAME = blank AND  
C_ROUND2PRINTDT = blank AND  
BPINCONTROL <> y AND  
HBA1C1 >= 7 OR HBA1C1 = 0.0  
AND  
LDL1 >= 100 OR LDL1 = 0.0
```

Secondary Prevention Diabetes Care – Member Engagement

Your health record Get health advice Appointments/Rx refills

My Home Page

- Home
- Find a Health Class at Your Facility
- Learn More About Endocrinology
- Learn More about the KP.org Website
- Managing Your Weight
- PHASE: Prevent Heart Attacks and Strokes Everyday

Healthy Living Resources
 Podcasts
 Videos
 Online Programs

The Permanente Medical Group

Richard Dlott, MD

Facility
Martinez Medical Offices
Endocrinology Care in Martinez


Address
200 Muir Road
Ensenada Building
3rd Floor - Station G
Martinez CA 94553
[Map & Directions](#)

Telephone
Office: (925) 295-6400
Fax: (925) 372-1872
Advice (24 hours)/Messages: (925) 372-1999

[E-mail your doctor](#)

Department Hours

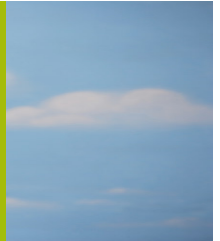
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Closed	8:30 am 5:00 pm	8:30 am 5:00 pm	8:30 am 5:00 pm	8:30 am 5:00 pm	8:30 am 5:00 pm	Closed





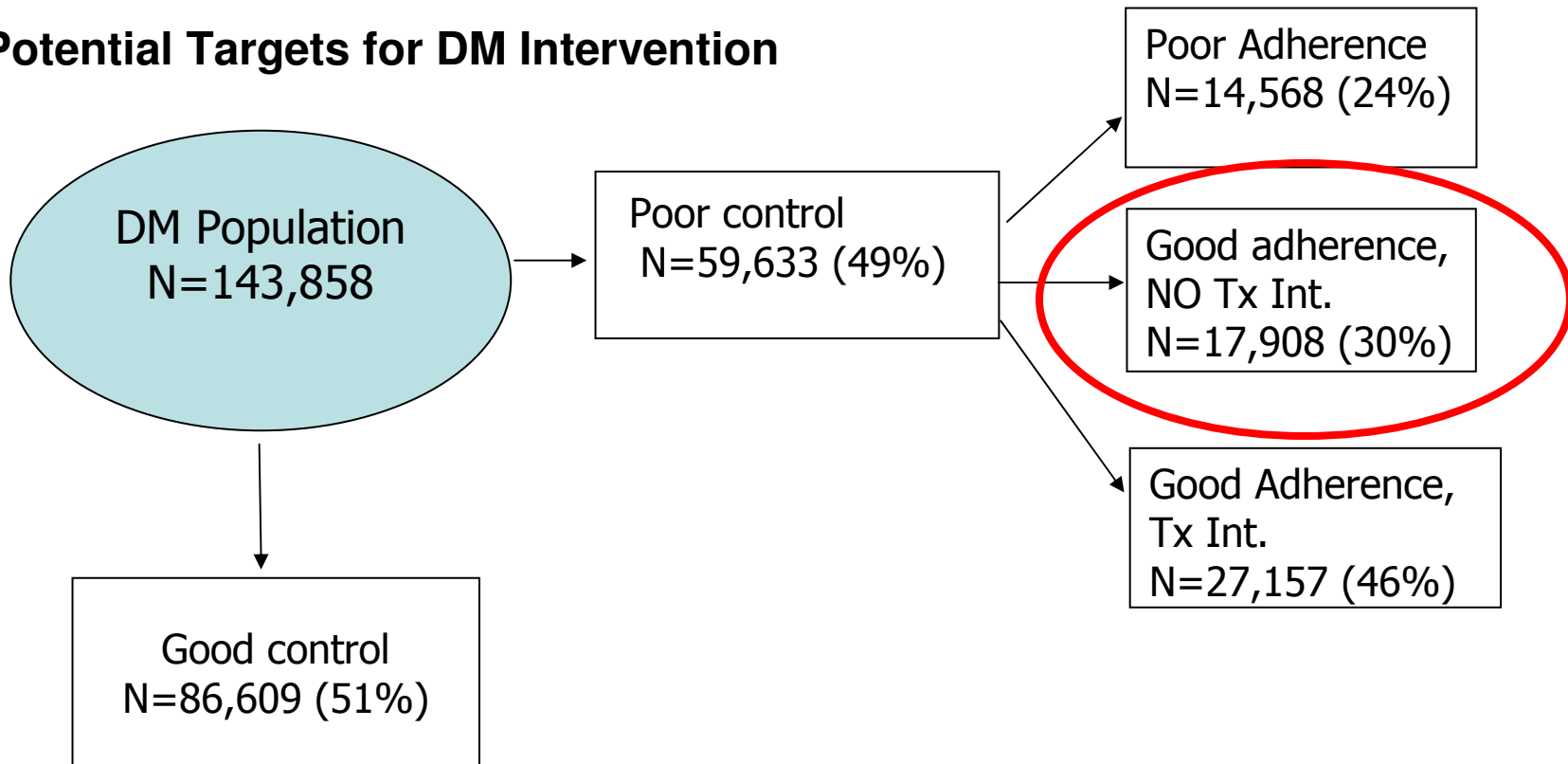
Secondary Prevention

Diabetes



Revealing report on adherence...

Potential Targets for DM Intervention



Secondary Prevention Diabetes – Inreach Decision Support

Snapshot

Chart Review

Results Review

Flowsheets

Problem List

History

Letters

Demographics

Scan

CIPS

eConsult

Order Entry

Imm/Injections

Allergies

Medications

Doc Flowsheets

Forms

Visit Navigator

Visit Navigator (8/9/2007 visit with CEMD)

Images Questionnaires Admin Benefits References SmartSets Summary Open Orders Print AYS

Allergies **Penicillin V, Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride** Reviewed on 8/9/2007

Vitals BP: 129/89 P: 90 T: T Src: Resp: W: H:
SpO2: PF: BMI: BSA: OB/GYN Status: **OB** EDD: 06/13/2007 Tobacco: Yes

Charting

- Chief Complaint
- Vitals
- BestPractice**
- Visit Notes
- Relevant Results
- HPI
- Exam
- Progress Notes
- H&P Notes
- SmartSets**
- Chronic Disease
- Diagnoses
- Orders
- Pt. Instructions
- E&M Worksheet
- LOS
- Follow-up
- Close Encounter

BestPractice Alerts

Action(s)

13. DM dx: A1C => 8; has Rx for Metformin & Glipizide. Action: If already on Metformin (1000 mg bid) & Glipizide (10 mg bid), Start NPH Insulin
Last HGA1C= 9.0 on 8/5/2007
Last CR= 0.90 on 8/1/2007

Open SmartSet: NPH Insulin Start

[Jump to Diabetes Dashboard](#)

Accept

Restore Close F9 Previous Next

Visit Notes

>> A X CEMD MD Thu Aug 9, 2007 2:22 PM
.lastbp

Snapshot of APC Labs

APC Labs (Last 400 days)

Date/Time	CHOL	HDL	TG	LDL CALC	LDL	FBS
08/05/07 1758	--	--	250	--	--	--
08/01/07 1757	--	--	255	--	--	--

Secondary Prevention Diabetes – Inreach Decision Support

SmartSet - DM EASY ORDER SET

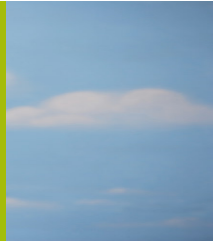
Association Primary Dx Edit Item Favorite Pharmacy Questionnaire Health Maint Accept/Pend Accept/Sign Cancel

- For NEW START NPH Insulin Titration- Print Patient Instructions
 - HS NPH INSULIN (Add if A1C > 7 on two drugs) If >30U/day, consider using BID (multiple)
 - insulin, NPH 100 U/mL (NOVOLIN N), NEW START, 10 U SC QHS #30, RF 3
 - insulin syringe U-100 1/2 mL 30 x 5/16", UUD, #100, RF 3
 - METER AND STRIPS (multiple)
- SELF TITRATION INSTRUCTIONS - USE WITH NEW MEDICINE STARTS
 - MEDICATION INSTRUCTIONS (multiple)
 - PI NPH START
 - PI Diabetes Type 2 Lifestyle Patient Handout
- ORDERS - Right Click for Order Detail
 - LABS IN 3 MONTHS (multiple)
 - NON-FASTING LABS NOW (multiple)

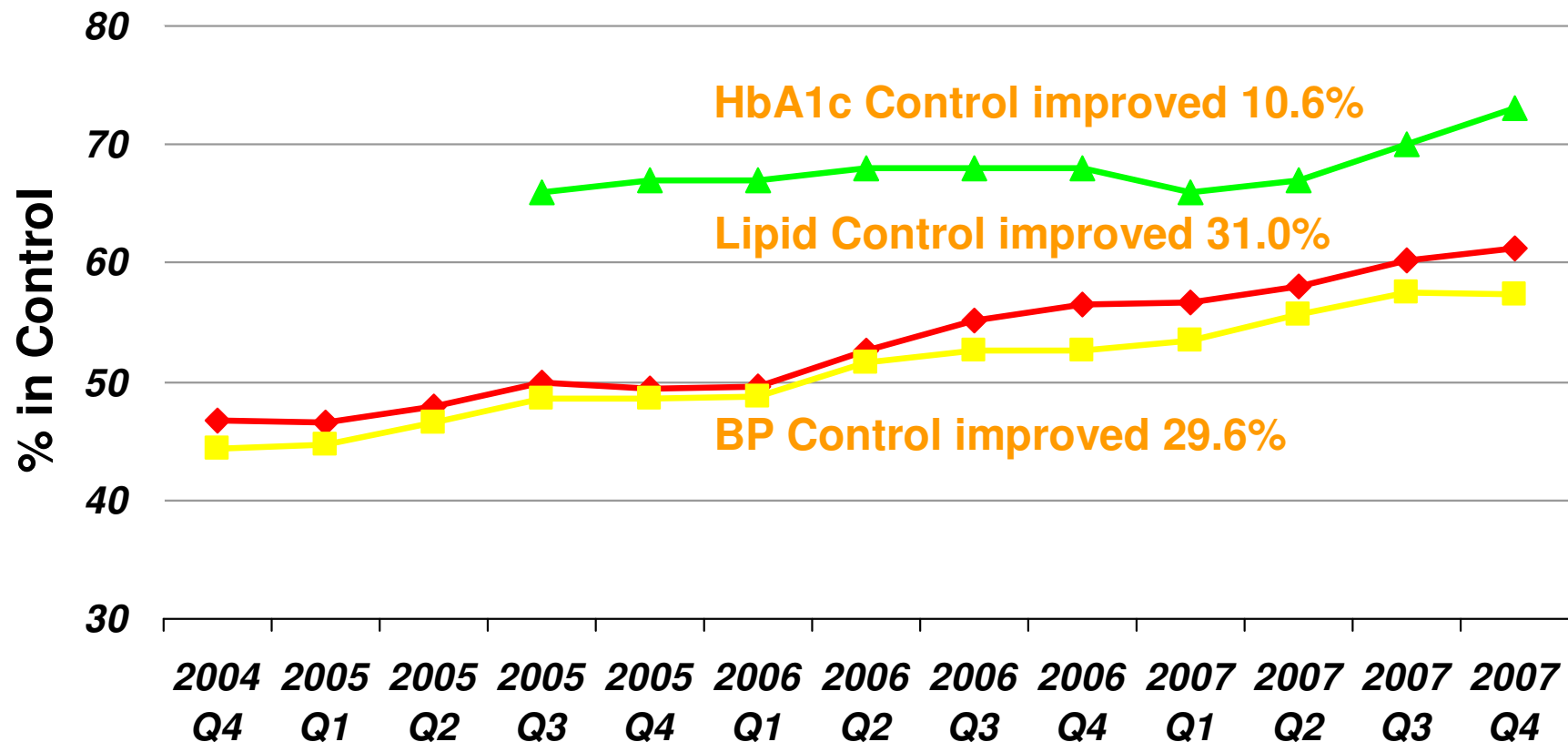


Secondary Prevention

Results



Multiple Risk Factor Management - A1c control (<8.0) has improved along with Lipids and Blood Pressure 2004-2007



(1) HbA1c Control represented on this graph is A1C < 8.0. A1C < 7.0 and A1C > 9.0 are also measured

(2) Lipid Control measure represents the percentage of PHASE patients with most recent test of LDL < 100 mg/dl in last 12 months.

(3) Blood Pressure Control is defined as BP <= 129/79 for patients with Diabetes and CKD and BP <= 139/89 for all other PHASE patients.

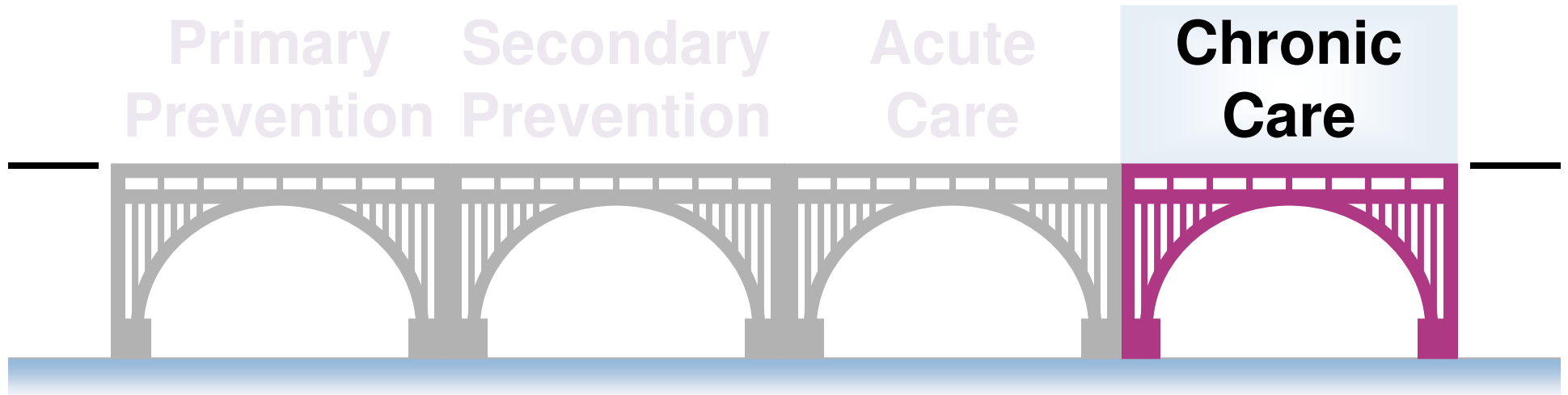


Secondary Prevention

Impact of 2007 Improvements:

- Additional 9,600 patients at LDL target
 - **300 heart attacks/strokes prevented**
- Additional 4,700 People with Diabetes at A1c <9
 - **188 adverse outcomes prevented**
- Additional 13,447 People with Diabetes have BP < 129/ 79
 - **1200 CV events prevented**

Crossing the Chasm – Chronic Care



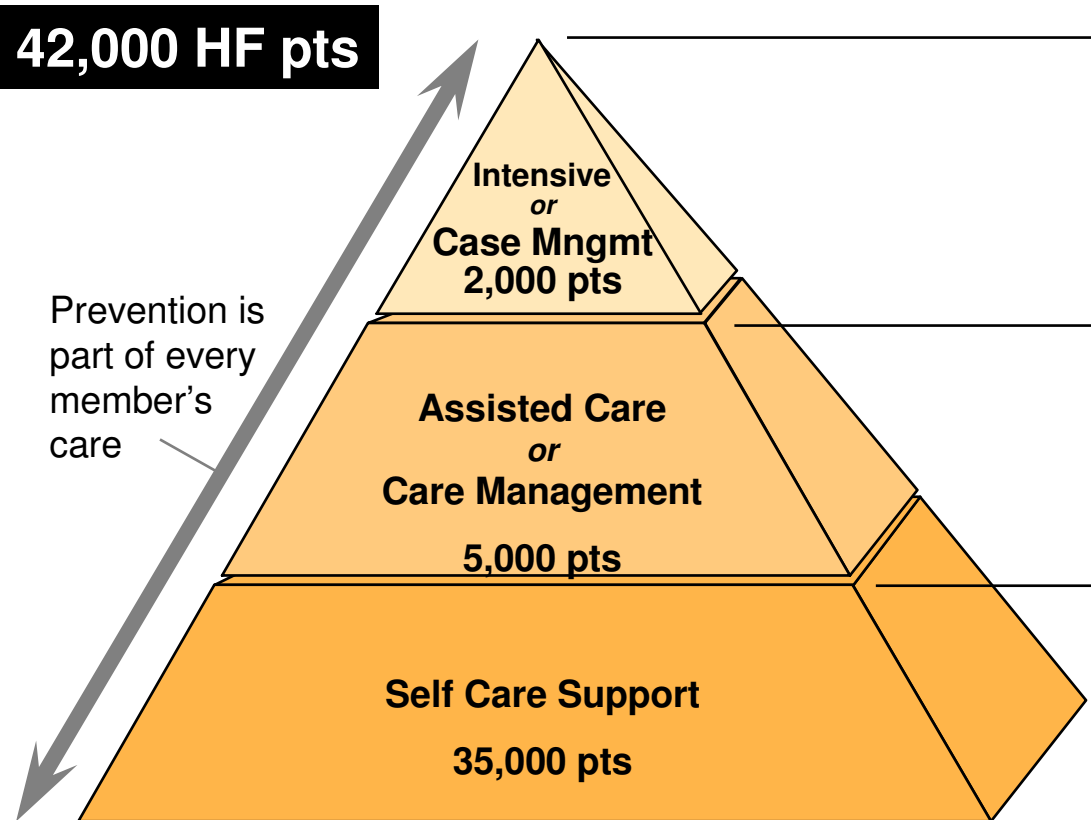
Delivering the Benefits:

- **Stratification by patient status**
- **Integration across conditions**
- **Panel management to offload algorithm-driven care**
- **Member engagement: Self-management skills**

Chronic Care Heart Failure

Chronic Conditions Management Program for Heart Failure in NCAL

42,000 HF pts



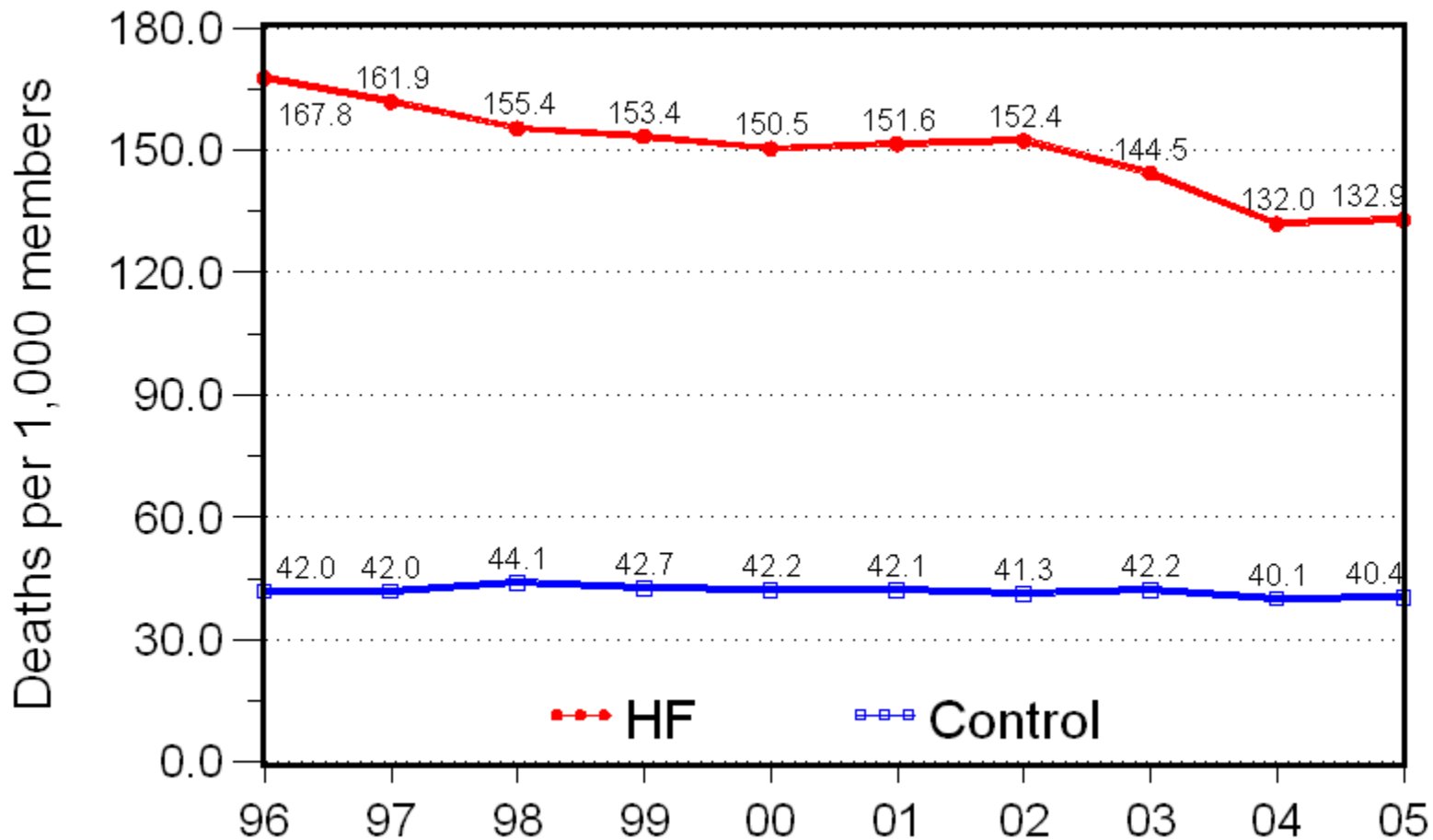
Level 3 – Intensive or Case Management – Heart Failure patients who are at high risk due to complicated and/or unstable condition, poor functional status and/or psychosocial problems. High intensity management of the patient's care is required.

Level 2 – Assisted Care or Care Management – Heart Failure patients with moderate symptoms, sub-optimal medication management, poor self-care skills. Also include patients who are unable to achieve or maintain self-care skills despite appropriate education and support from the APC team.

Level 1 – Self Care Support – Heart Failure patients supported by routine APC team care. Members have mild symptoms & appropriate medication management. Members who may benefit from basic self-care education.
Prevention - The foundation of basic care for all levels.

Chronic Care Trends in HF Mortality

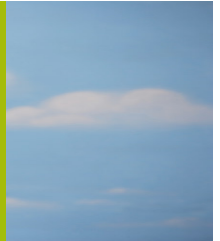
CHF Outcome Data



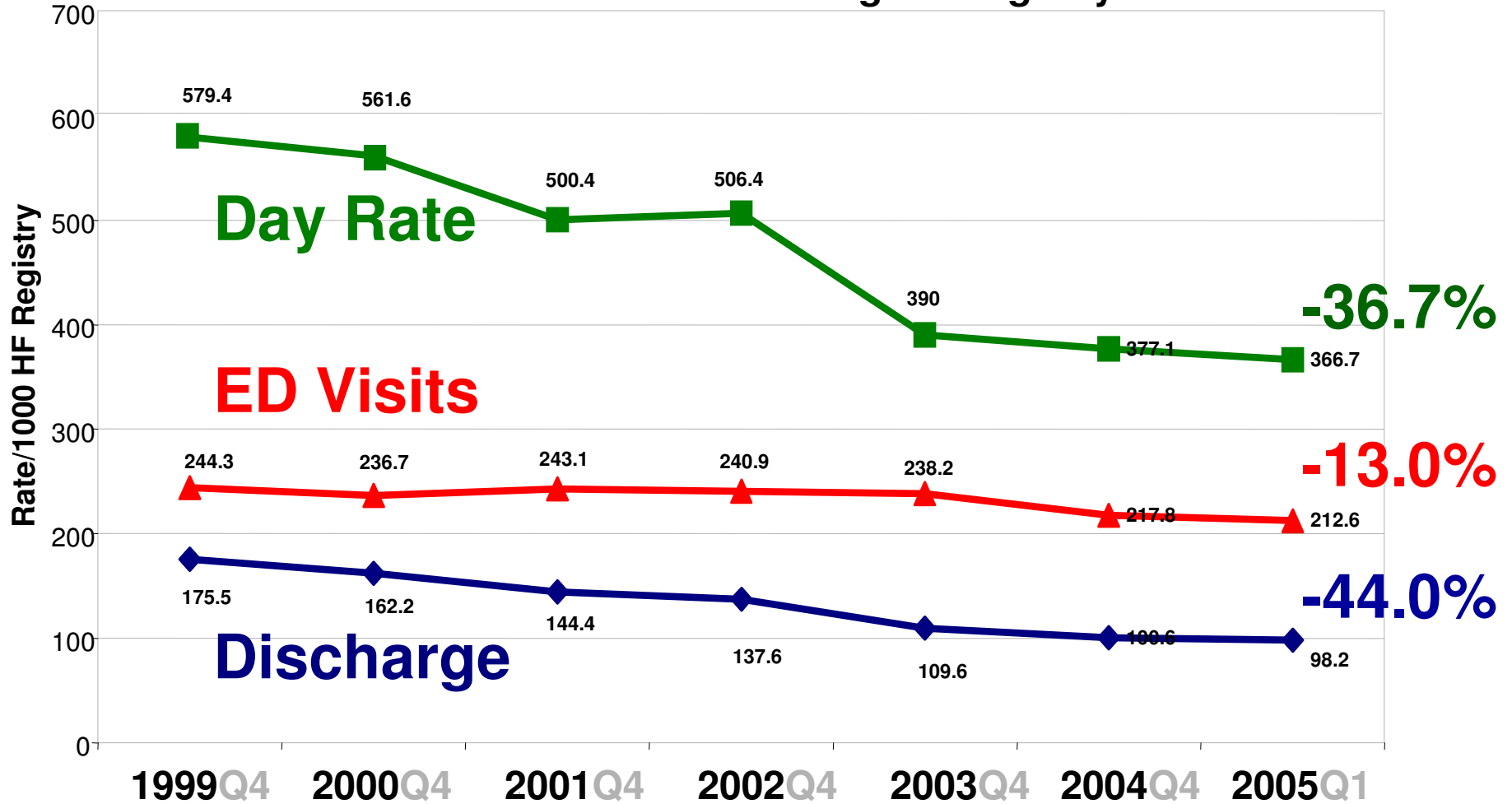


Chronic Care

Heart Failure



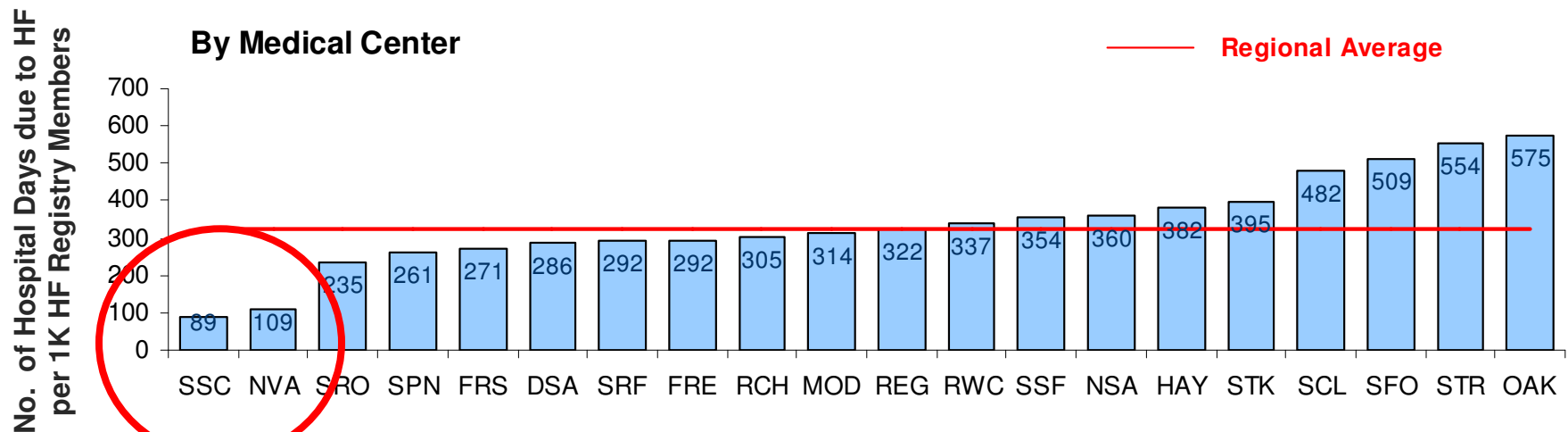
Utilization Due to Heart Failure is Decreasing for Registry Members



Chronic Care

Heart Failure

No. of Hospital Days due to HF per 1K HF Registry Members By Medical Center, Q4 2006*



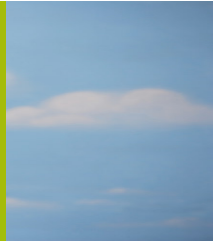
Best Performers

SSC and NVA Have the Lowest CHF Hospital Days in Region

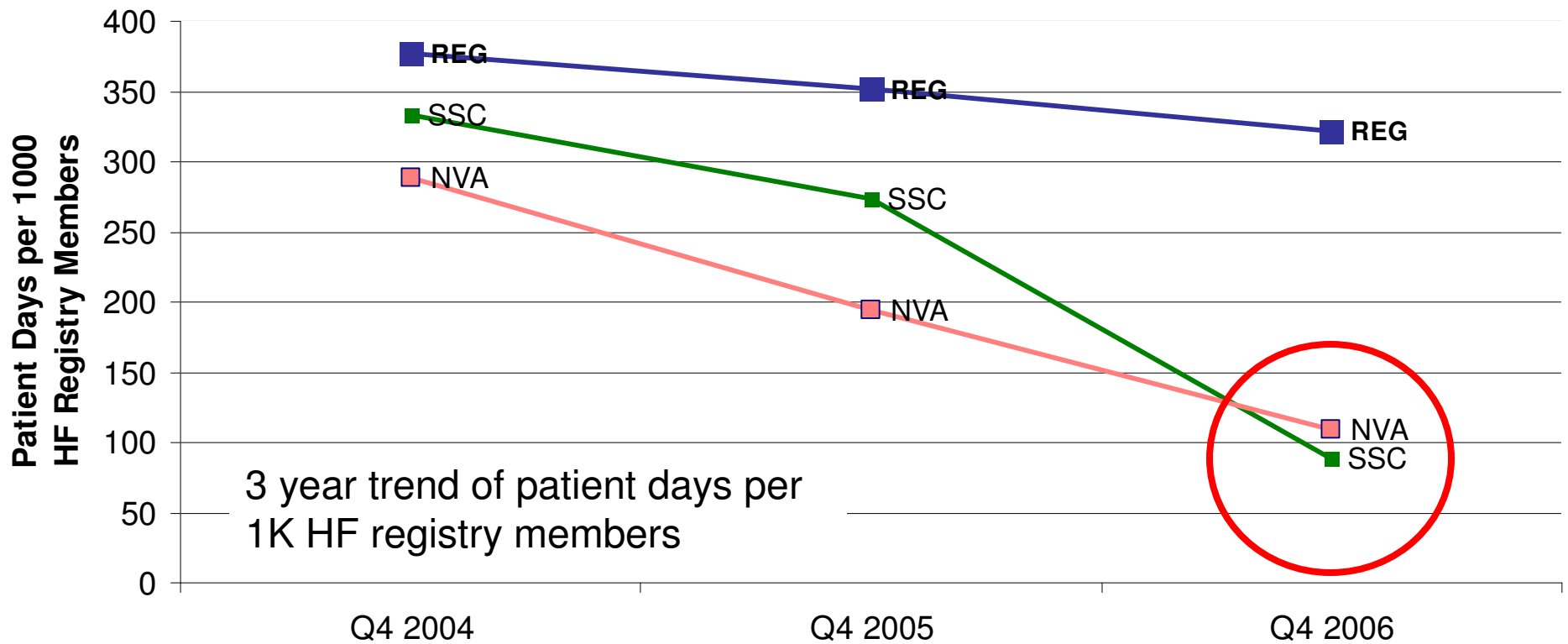


Chronic Care

Heart Failure



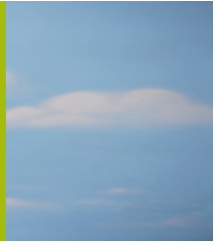
Best Performers: NVA and SSC Hospitals Have Strong Decline in Patient Days Over 3 Years



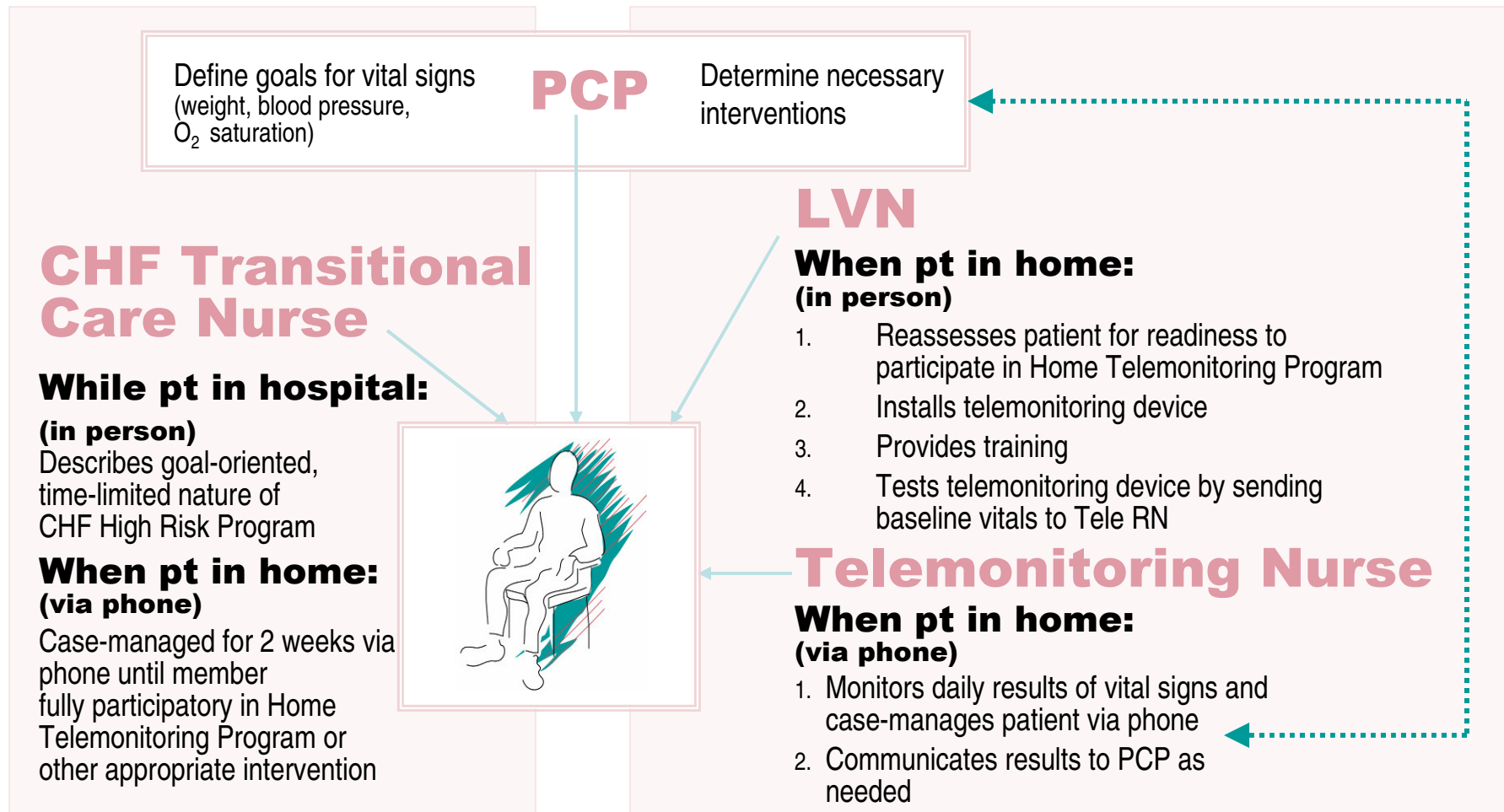



Chronic Care

CHF High Risk Case Management Program



Transitional Care Home Telemonitoring



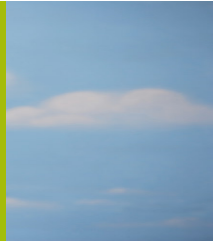


Does Kaiser Permanente prevent Heart Attacks and Strokes Everyday?

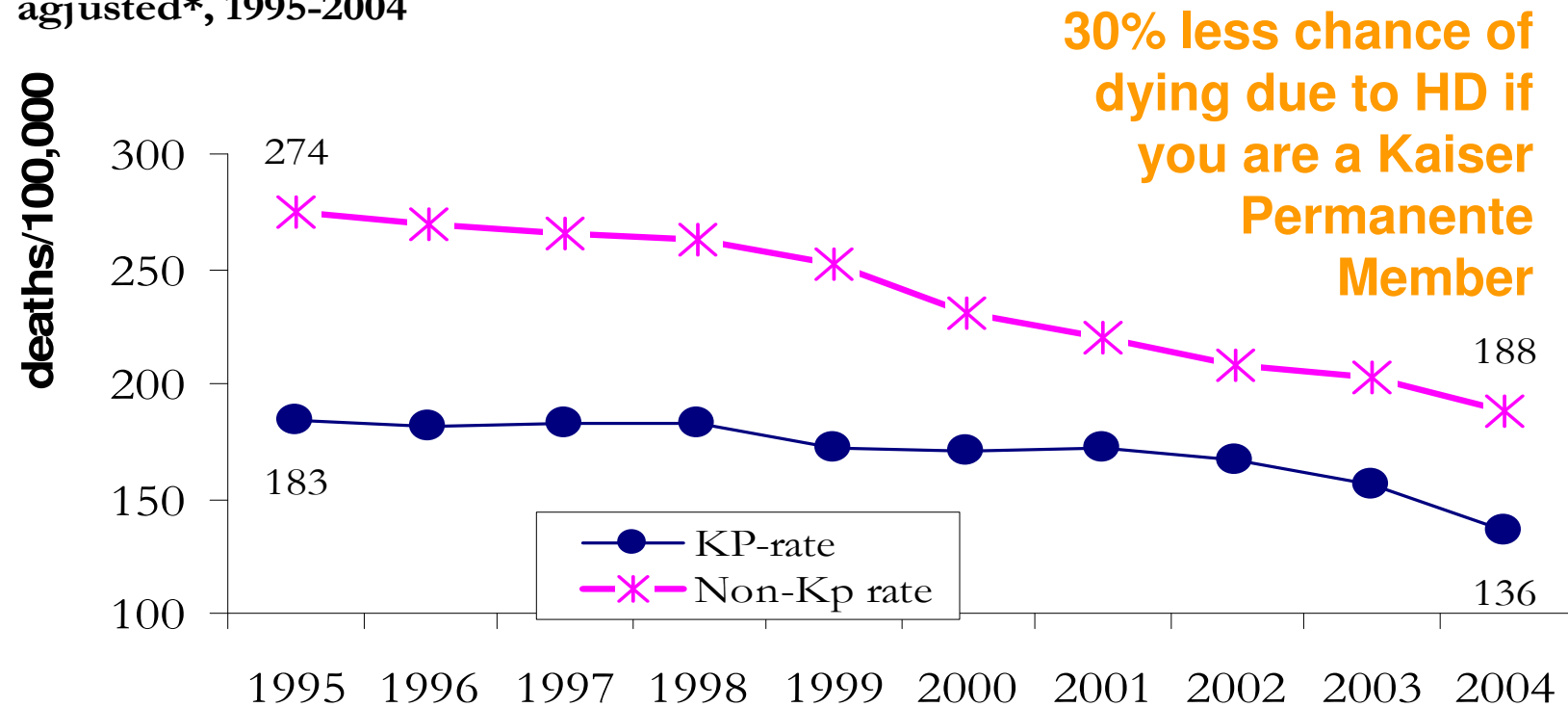


Full Spectrum of Care

Heart disease mortality declining



Trends in Heart Disease Mortality in the population of Kaiser Permanente (N. California) and the rest of California, age-sex adjusted*, 1995-2004



* 2004 KP is the standard pop for the adjustment **year**

Summary

Using our

- integrated system,
- advanced IT systems,
- Process redesign
- financial alignment and
- patient engagement,

we've made it easier to “do the right thing” across the spectrum of cardiovascular disease, so that cardiovascular disease is no longer the number one cause of death for KP members

IF YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU
STAY LONGER.



KAISER PERMANENTE  thrive